THE ANTELOPE VALLEY COMMUNITY SURVEY: YEAR 1

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We are also grateful to the community-based organizations and their leadership, residents, and partnering schools within Antelope Valley that contributed to research efforts. This report would not have been possible without the input, cooperation, and guidance from the myriad stakeholders – we appreciate your time, dedication and insight.

About Leap & Associates

Leap & Associates, a UCLA-affiliated research and evaluation group, has focused on delivering culturally sensitive, participatory action evaluation research that both informs and facilitates systems change and social transformation. Led by Jorja Leap, Ph.D., Todd Franke, Ph.D. and Karrah Lompa, MSW/MNPL, Leap & Associates represents a multidisciplinary research team that draws resources and support from the UCLA Pritzker Center for Strengthening Children and Families, the UCLA Luskin School of Public Affairs, and the UCLA Social Justice Research Partnership. Leap & Associates engages a diverse team of researchers and community-members, all who possess extensive experience evaluating public agencies and non-profit programs. The team has a combined record of over 60 years of community-based research and evaluation, with most of those efforts in southern California and focused on examining various Los Angeles County departments, including the Department of Probation and the Department of Children and Family Services, as well as the Los Angeles Unified School District.



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The Antelope Valley (AV) Settlement Agreement

In August 2011, the US Department of Justice (DOJ), Civil Rights Division, launched an investigation of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD) in response to complaints and allegations of violations of the Fair Housing Act in the Antelope Valley, California. Upon completion of their investigation in June 2013, the DOJ issued a letter documenting their findings that the LASD's Lancaster and Palmdale Stations had engaged in a pattern and practice of conducting stops, searches, and seizures that were unreasonable and in violation of the Constitution and federal law. Additionally, the DOJ concluded there was evidence of discrimination against African Americans in the enforcement of the Housing Choice Voucher Program (commonly known as Section 8), which is a violation of the Fair Housing Act. The LASD and DOJ subsequently entered into negotiations regarding appropriate remedies and developed the Settlement Agreement (SA), which was ultimately signed and filed with the US District Court for the Central District of California in April 2015. The purpose of the SA is to ensure that the residents of the Antelope Valley (AV) are provided with police services that are lawful and fully consistent with the Constitution of the United States and contemporary policing practices.

The Antelope Valley (AV) Community Survey

As part of the Settlement Agreement (SA), the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD) agreed to engage and assist a Monitoring Team (MT) in conducting a reliable, comprehensive, and representative annual survey of community residents throughout the AV.² The MT was tasked with oversight of the development of this community survey, which was intended to assess perceptions of the relationship between the LASD and the AV community and attempts to measure how, if at all, the SA reforms have affected that relationship. Per the SA, the community survey is to be administered annually and designed to allow for robust descriptive analysis of both baseline and subsequent years' data collection efforts.

While a collaborative process between all Parties, an independent research team from Leap & Associates was contracted to assist in the development and implementation of the community survey, as well as analysis of its findings. During the latter half of 2017, the MT, LASD, DOJ, and the research team held a series of meetings to finalize the substantive content of the community survey and proposed data collection efforts. The summary report herein provides a detailed description of the survey methodology, including design, sampling, and administration, as well as findings to date of the first annual community survey. This "static" written report is intended to provide a brief overview of the finding, explain how "dynamic" output can be obtained through publicly available online visualizations, and document the many ways to view the output (http://bit.ly/AV-Public). For a printer friendly version see (http://bit.ly/AV-Public-Print).

² Settlement Agreement, No. CV 15-03174, United States v. Los Angeles County et al. (D.C. Cal. Apr. 28, 2015). Retrieved from: http://www.antelopevalleysettlementmonitoring.info/

¹ Introductory paragraph retrieved from NCCD's "Monitoring the Agreement" website and sourced from the December 2015 Semi-Annual Report (http://www.antelopevalleysettlementmonitoring.info/). Additional background information and detailed reports are also available within the cited web source.

Survey Methodology

The first annual Antelope Valley (AV) community survey was launched in February 2018. The purpose of the survey was, and continues to be, to assess community perceptions of the relationship between Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department's (LASD) within Palmdale and Lancaster and the AV community in an attempt to understand how the Settlement Agreement (SA) reforms affect that relationship. Methodologically, surveys are intended to generate group-level summary or descriptive statistics that are generalizable to target groups included or focused on in a particular study.³ More concisely, representative surveys allow researchers to statistically infer findings about larger groups from smaller samples. Therefore, this methodology is an ideal means with which to assess community perceptions.

Sampling

The SA stipulated that the community survey capture a "representative sample" of AV residents. The term *representativeness* refers to the extent to which findings from a survey can be generalized to a target population. To achieve representativeness, the research team aimed to collect at least 2,000 responses from AV residents. To further ensure that survey results were representative of the larger AV community, recent and available census data (American Community Survey 2016) was mapped in aggregate across the zip codes contained within the geographic region. Specifically, demographic data pertaining to race and ethnicity was aggregated across Lancaster and Palmdale zip codes to provide a foundation for the approximate percentage of each race or ethnicity that should be included in survey responses to achieve representativeness. The racial and ethnic makeup of the final sample is as follows:

Race or Ethnicity	0/04
Asian/Pacific Islander	2
Black	10
Black/Multiracial	3
Hispanic/Latino	46
Multiracial	3
Native American	1
Other	4
White	32

³ Aday& Cornelius (2006). Designing and Conducting Health Surveys. John Wiley & Sons.

⁴ Percentages are rounded to nearest whole number.

Additionally, the SA stipulated that the community survey capture a "representative sample" of AV residents who presently or historically utilized Section 8 housing, as well as "detained arrestees." To ensure that survey findings accurately reflect the perceptions of these two subpopulations, it was determined that a 5% of the sample should include those who had previous or current involvement with Section 8 and formerly detained residents. In the final AV community survey sample, approximately 6% were former or current Section 8 residents and 8% identified as previously detained.

Youth were also targeted as a distinct subpopulation and the intention of the research team was to have approximately 10% of the sample derived from AV residents less than 18-years of age. As a result of the significant cooperation with two local high schools – Palmdale High School and Quartz Hill High School - youth were over-sampled in the survey findings. In an effort to account for over-sampling, data visualizations were specifically designed to allow users to look at survey findings in aggregate (both adult and youth residents combined) as well as individually (by adult residents only or youth residents only).

Instrument Design

To achieve the goal of obtaining 2,000 responses from AV residents using best-practices in survey design, the survey needed to accommodate both online and paper administration, be concise and limited to 2-3 pages in length, and utilize language appropriate for a variety of populations (those with less than high school education, English language-learners, and youth). From the outset, the design of the survey instrument was a collaborative process between the Parties and the research team. The MT, LASD, DOJ, and research team engaged in multiple meetings both in-person and by phone to finalize both the content and format of the survey. Moreover, Parties received multiple versions of drafts and were able to provide extensive feedback, which was incorporated by the research team. On December 29, 2017, all Parties received final versions of the adult and youth surveys as well as accompanying information sheets. The youth survey is nearly identical to the adult survey, except that four additional questions were asked (school attended, awareness and participation of youth programming through the Sheriff's Department, and assessment of how aware the Sheriff's Department is of "the problems youth face today") and youth were not asked if they live or work within AV. Adult and youth surveys were translated into Spanish and made available to Spanish-speaking residents electronically and by paper. Both adult and youth surveys, as well as accompanying information sheets, are provided in Appendices A and B.

Data Collection

During the preliminary phases of the survey design, multiple methods of data collection were proposed and discussed. For example, random-digit dialing was considered, but deemed impractical because of its anticipated cost. Administration of in-person surveys through door-to-door canvassing by trained, local residents was also a possibility, but due to safety concerns, the expansive geography of the region, and cost, this method was also not feasible. The agreed upon

⁵ While the SA uses the term "detained arrestees," more accessible language was used in the survey instrument itself in order to avoid confusion among respondents ("Have you been arrested by a Sheriff's Department deputy in the AV?").

alternative to both proposed approaches involved engaging community-based organizations throughout the AV to collect data from their networks of clients and stakeholders. Accordingly, the research team compiled a list of community-based organizations through its existing network, suggestions from the Parties, and referrals from residents or engaged organizations. Forty-four organizations or individuals were contacted via telephone and email and asked to distribute the survey either online via their social networks or listservs, as well as provide the paper version of the survey in their offices where appropriate, at various community meetings, and at highly trafficked local markets. Approved and scripted recruitment materials were utilized when approaching organizations and soliciting their participation. Those who agreed to disseminate the survey through their networks received a unique link to the survey via Qualtrics, which was tracked by the research team. All organizations only disseminated the adult version of the AV community survey. Table 1 on the following page serves to acknowledge the dedicated work of the representatives within these organizations who made data collection efforts possible.

Table 1. Organizations within Antelope Valley Actively Engaged with the Adult Community Survey Dissemination

Antelope Valley Church	Los Angeles Sheriff's Department
Antelope Valley City Council	National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (AV NAACP)
Antelope Valley Community College	OUTReach Center
Antelope Valley Partners for Health	Pueblo y Salud
Antelope Valley Press	South Bay Counseling Center (SBCC THRIVE)
Association of Rural Town Councils	St. Mary's Catholic Church
League of United Latin American Citizens (LULAC)	The Community Action League (TCAL)

To obtain youth surveys, at the request of the MT, the research team contacted the Director of Personnel at the Antelope Valley Union High School District (AVUHSD). With the assistance of the Director of Personnel, Vice Principals at two high schools – one in Lancaster and one in Palmdale – were engaged in data collection efforts. Youth surveys were administered to students online at both Palmdale High School and Quartz Hill High School in March 2018 and were disseminated in conjunction with an annual school climate survey.

Data Analysis

Given the quantitative nature of the instruments, descriptive statistics data derived from online and paper surveys were developed. Likert scale items were presented in terms of categorical percentages (for example, percent who "strongly agree") and also as aggregated averages. The research team developed data visualizations and made them available on UCLA's evaluation

website for public use (http://bit.ly/AV-Public). For a printer friendly version see (http://bit.ly/AV-Public-Print). Instructions for use of the program online, as well as the rationale for the brevity and content of this report, is provided below.

Accessing Data Online

The figures in the results section below are screenshots from graphical visualizations. The same figures and many others are available to the public online at (http://bit.ly/AV-Public). That website allows users to choose which items from the survey are included in the charts and graphs thus allowing the public to explore the survey results in far more detail than provided in this summary report.

The online graphical interface organizes data by individual tabs called "dashboards." The following dashboards are displayed online:

- a. <u>Respondent Overview:</u> Provides a graphical overview of survey respondents by demographics (age, gender, race/ethnicity, arrest status, Section 8 status, language spoken at home, duration living in AV, working/living in AV).
- b. <u>Perceptions</u>: Both adult and youth residents were asked 17 Likert scale questions that assessed their perceptions of LASD and public safety. This dashboard presents findings for these items and can be reviewed using either a 5-point scale (strongly disagree, disagree, neutral, agree, strongly agree) or a collapsed 3-point scale (disagree, neutral, agree).
- c. <u>Involvement & Interactions:</u> Survey respondents were asked a series of "yes" or "no" questions about their involvement within the AV community generally and interactions with the Sheriff's Department specifically. This dashboard highlights findings from these items by percent of respondents answering "yes" or "no" to the 12 questions.
- d. <u>Groups Treated Fairly:</u> This dashboard provides an overview of responses to the question "Do Antelope Valley Deputies treat different groups fairly?" and its follow-up question for those respondents who replied "no:" "Which groups are treated unfairly?").
- e. <u>Zip Code Map:</u> This dynamic dashboard presents both demographics and responses to the Perceptions questions within each AV zip code. Simply scroll a cursor over a shaded, bordered area on the map and a table will generate item responses unique to that specific zip code.

Within each dashboard there are ten possible filters: Compare by, 3 or 5 point scale, Adult/Youth Race, Gender, Age, Section 8, Arrested, AV zip code, and Sort by.



These filters allow users to scroll through a drop-down menu and select a category to compare. For example, users can select "Youth" from the "Adult/Youth" filter to view only youth responses to the survey. Moreover, multiple filters can be used simultaneously. For instance, one can use the "Adult/Youth," the "Arrested," as well as "Race" filter to view responses only from Hispanic/Latino adults who indicated that they were formerly detained. Given the number of filters – and categories within filters – there are numerous possible iterations of the data that can be explored.

Results

The subsequent descriptive statistics are derived from a final sample of 5,003 total respondents.⁶ While a total of 5,542 surveys were actively recorded either online or received by the research team in paper format, only surveys with responses to more than 15 questions (or approximately 37% of the entire survey) were included in the final sample and analyses. More than half of the incomplete responses were derived from instances wherein participants opened the electronic survey link, but failed to respond to a single item. Approximately 44.2% of the sample were adults (n=2,212) and the remaining 55.7% (n=2,791) were youth. The majority of survey responses were obtained online (n=4,510 or 90.1%).

The six figures that follow are default screenshots from the visualizations available online (http://bit.ly/AV-Public). For a printer friendly version see (http://bit.ly/AV-Public-Print). Figure 1 provides a demographic overview of all survey respondents. More than three-quarters (77%) of aggregate respondents indicated that English was the language spoken in their home. Nearly all respondents (97%) indicated that they lived within the AV and more than half (61%) also worked in the region. The majority of survey respondents were female (58%) and approximately 1% identified as transgender. Age of participants was somewhat skewed with more than half (56%) indicating under 18 years-old and 15% identifying as over 54 years-old.

⁶ Of the 5,003 respondents, only n=14 responded that they neither lived nor worked in the AV. All other survey responses indicated that participants either lived, worked – and in many instances both lived and worked – or otherwise resided within the region (i.e. provided a zip code within the AV).

Figure 1. Demographic Overview of Survey Respondents



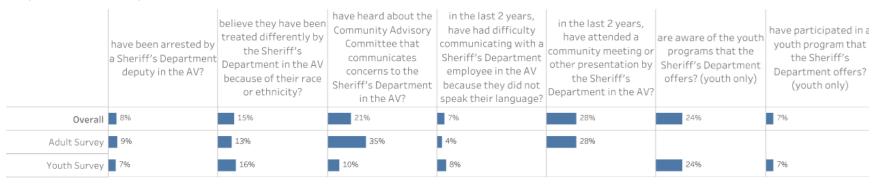
Community Involvement and Interactions with the Sheriff's Department

Figure 2 (on page 9) displays the results of respondents when asked questions about their involvement within the AV community generally and interactions with the Sheriff's Department specifically. It is worth highlighting at least a few findings that are derived from sub-group analysis and the following brief bullets provide an overview of major findings that can be viewed online through use of various filters:

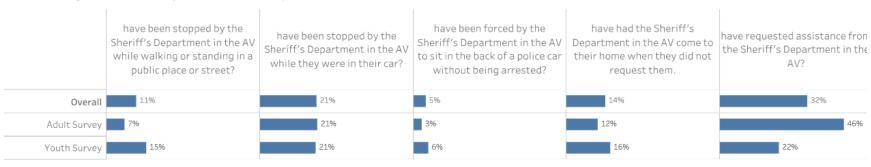
- A few overall highlights from Figure 3 include the fact that more than one-quarter (28%) of the participants have attended a community meeting or presentation by the Sheriff's Department, 35% of the adults have heard of the Community Advisory Committee, and 32% (46% of adults, 22% of youth) have requested assistance from the Sheriff's Department.
- Approximately 21% of Section 8 recipients and 31% of formerly detained responded that the Sheriff's Department in the AV have "come to their home when they did not request them" compared with only 14% of the general population. However, 37% of those who identified as formerly detained noted that they "have requested assistance from the Sheriff's Department in the AV" and 32% of the general population responded similarly.
- In terms of race or ethnicity, a robust cross-section of respondents have been engaged in the community and disclosed attendance at a community meeting or other presentation by the Sheriff's Department. Yet, residents of color consistently reported higher rates of having "been stopped" by the Sheriff's Department. For example, while only 16% of White respondents disclosed having been "stopped by the Sheriff's Department in the AV while they were in their car," 31% of Black/Multiracial Black indicated that they had been stopped while in their car.
- Youth were more likely to report having been both "stopped by the Sheriff's Department in the AV while walking or standing in a public place more street" (7% of adults, 15% of youth) and forced to "sit in the back seat of a police car without being arrested" (3% of adults, 6% of youth). Additionally, youth more frequently reported having "difficulty communicating with a Sheriff's Department employee in the AV because they did not speak their language" (4% of adults, 8% of youth).
- Native American (33%) and Black/Black Multi-racial (32%) respondents more frequently reported they "believe they have been treated differently by the Sheriff's Department in the AV because of their race or ethnicity" when compared with Asian/Pacific Islanders (7%) or whites (5%).

Figure 2. Community Involvement and Interactions with the Sheriff's Department

at percent of respondents...



the last 2 years, what percent of respondents...



Community Perceptions of the Sheriff's Department and Public Safety

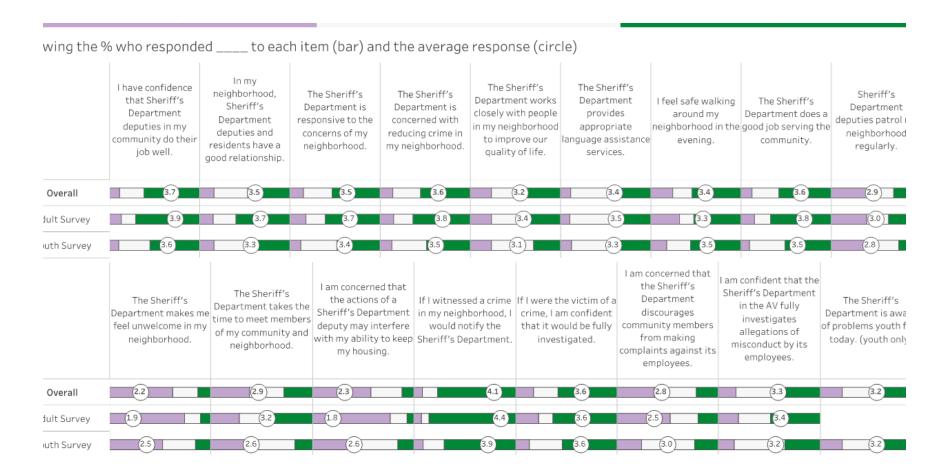
Both adult and youth respondents were asked a series of questions that assessed perceptions of the Sheriff's Department specifically, as well as public safety more generally. Each question required a five-point scale response from 1 ("strongly disagree") to 5 ("strongly agree"). Figure 3 (on page 12) is a screenshot of the dashboard showing responses to the Perceptions items for all participants (including overall, adult and youth responses separately).

The following brief bullets provide an overview of major Perceptions findings and highlight a few findings that are derived from further analysis done using a range of filters on the evaluation website (http://bit.ly/AV-Public). More complex themes emerge from analyzing the data with sub-group filters, and doing so provides a foundation for public users to begin analyzing the data themselves online.

- Overall, participants in aggregate "agree" or "strongly agree" that they have confidence in (62%), and a good relationship with (46%), the Sheriff's Department Deputies. In addition, all participants combined generally agreed that the Sheriff's Department Deputies are responsive to the concerns of their neighborhoods (53%).
- Both Section 8 recipients and those who identified as formerly detained had less confidence in law enforcement than the general population. For example, the general population was considerably more likely to "notify the Sheriff's Department" if they witnessed a crime (77% of the general population compared with 56% of Section 8 or 54% of formerly detained respondents) and had a more favorable view of how well the Sheriff's Department is "serving the community" (59% of the general population versus 42% of those who were formerly detained). While 58% the general population agreed or strongly agreed that "if they were the victim of a crime" it would be "fully investigated," only 43% of Section 8 or 42% of formerly detained participants responded similarly.
- There are clear trends in perceptions based on participants' race or ethnicity wherein White respondents had more favorable perceptions of the Sheriff's Department and public safety. For example, in response to the question: "In my neighborhood, Sheriff's Department deputies and residents have a good relationship," less than 30% of Black/Black Multiracial respondents answered with "agree" or "strongly agree," while 66% of White respondents also agreed or strongly agreed with that statement.
- While mean scores generally appear to reflect congruence in perceptions of law enforcement among adults and youth, some qualitative differences particularly when comparing percent who "strongly agree" or "strongly disagree" are apparent. For example, only 20% of youth strongly disagreed when asked if "the Sheriff's Department makes me feel unwelcome in my neighborhood" while nearly half (47%) of adults responded similarly.

•	• Women and men appeared to respond strikingly similarly both in terms of overall averages and qualitative responses. Perhaps unsurprisingly, one difference was in response to the question about feeling "safe walking around my neighborhood in the evening" wherein 28% of men, but only 17% of women, strongly agreed.							

Figure 3. Community Perceptions of the Sheriff's Department and Public Safety



Perceptions of Fair Treatment by LASD

Building on the previous page, Figures 4 and 5 go into more detail regarding which groups the respondents feel are treated unfairly. Survey respondents were asked to answer "yes" or "no" to the following question: "Do Antelope Valley Deputies treat different groups fairly?" If a respondent replied "no" they were then asked "which groups are treated unfairly," to which they could indicate multiple groups. Figure 4 below illustrates aggregated responses to this question.

Figure 4. Aggregate Survey Responses to the Question: Do Antelope Valley Deputies treat different groups fairly?

Do Antelope Valley Deputies treat different groups fairly?

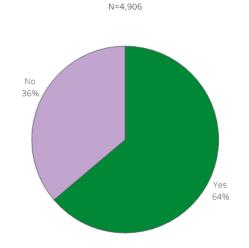
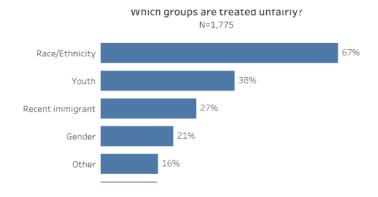


Figure 5. Perceptions of Fair Treatment by the Sheriff's Department



Figures 4 and 5 illustrate that 64% of all survey participants felt all groups are treated fairly. A different picture emerges when filters are used to examine group-specific responses. A comparison of responses from the general population, residents currently or historically utilizing

Section 8, and those who identified as formerly detained highlight potential variances. Just under half of Section 8 recipients (44%) – and only 37% of those formerly detained – indicated that AV Deputies treat all groups fairly. By comparison, more than two-thirds (67%) of the general population responded similarly. Differences were also apparent in terms of race or ethnicity. While 83% of White respondents stated that AV Deputies "treat different groups fairly" only 54% of Black/Black Multiracial or Hispanic provided the same response. 8

While there were clear group-specific differences, there was also some agreement across the groups. Among those who indicated that AV Deputies do not treat all groups fairly, the majority of respondents indicated most frequently that racial or ethnic groups were "treated unfairly." Sexual orientation was the least frequently cited group identified as being "treated unfairly." These findings were consistent across all three groups (general population, Section 8 recipients, and formerly detained).

Percent of Survey Respondents by Zip Code

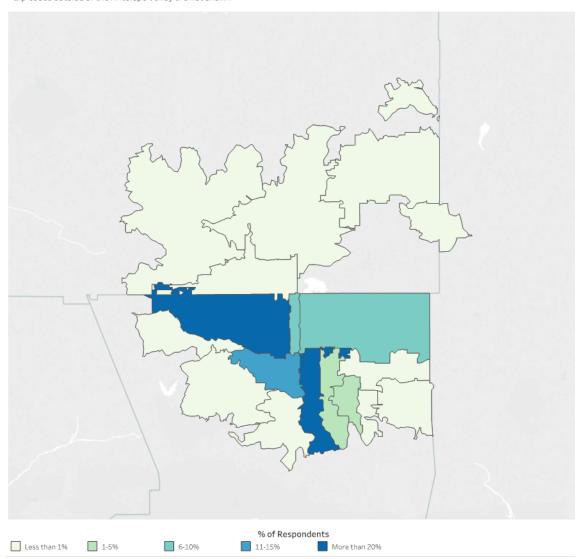
This dynamic dashboard presents both demographics and responses to Likert scale, perception-focused questions by each zip code within AV. Simply scroll a cursor over a shaded, bordered areas on the map and a table will generate item responses unique to the specific zip code. See Figure 6 on the following page.

⁷ Findings obtained using the "Groups Treated Fairly" dashboard and "Section 8" and "arrested by Deputy" filters on the evaluation website (http://bit.ly/AVCommunitySurvey)

⁸ Findings obtained using the "Groups Treated Fairly" dashboard and "race" filter on the evaluation website (http://bit.ly/AVCommunitySurvey)

TOTAL SURVEY RESPONDENTS 5,003

% of Survey Respondents by Zip Code
Hover over an area to see how residents of that Zip Code responded to the survey items related to perceptions of the Sheriff's Department
*Zip Codes outside of the Antelope Valley are not shown



Next Steps

It is clear that the MT, DOJ, and the LASD are deeply committed to the successful, ongoing implementation of the Antelope Valley (AV) Community Survey, and this report would not be possible without their willing participation and support. This brief report aimed to provide an overview of the collaborative development and methodology of the AV community survey, highlight some of the descriptive findings, and serve as a manual for accessing the evaluation website and data visualizations online. Lastly, the data derived from the survey serves as a baseline for continued, ongoing data collection efforts stipulated by the Settlement Agreement (SA). The terms of the SA require LASD to develop community engagement plans based on the survey results. The SA also requires annual monitoring and data collection, and next steps should focus on: 1) when precisely the second year of data collection efforts will occur, 2) whether data collection efforts will mirror this year's efforts in terms of reliance upon community-based organizations, and 3) the extent to which the survey can be and should be amended while maintaining fidelity to baseline findings for comparative trend analyses.

Appendix A: Adult AV Community Survey

ADULT -- ANTELOPE VALLEY COMMUNITY SURVEY - ANONYMOUS AND CONFIDENTIAL Please answer each question and when finished, place in the sealed box. Thank you.

	Yes	No
Do you work in the Antelope Valley area?	0	0
Do you live in the Antelope Valley area?	0	0

** AV- Antelope Valley	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
I have confidence that Sheriff's Department deputies in my community do their job well.	0	0	0	0	0
In my neighborhood, Sheriff's Department deputies and residents have a good relationship.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department is responsive to the concerns of my neighborhood.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department is concerned with reducing crime in my neighborhood.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department works closely with people in my neighborhood to improve our quality of life.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department provides appropriate language assistance services (e.g., translator, interpreter) where needed.	0	0	0	0	0
I feel safe walking around my neighborhood in the evening.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department does a good job serving the community.	0	0	0	0	0
Sheriff's Department deputies patrol my neighborhood regularly.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department makes me feel unwelcome in my neighborhood.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department takes the time to meet members of my community and neighborhood.	0	0	0	0	0
I am concerned that the actions of a Sheriff's Department deputy may interfere with my ability to keep my housing.	0	0	0	0	0
If I witnessed a crime in my neighborhood, I would notify the Sheriff's Department.	0	0	0	0	0
If I were the victim of a crime, I am confident that it would be fully investigated.	0	0	0	0	0
I am concerned that the Sheriff's Department discourages community members from making complaints against its employees	0	0	0	0	0



ADULT -- ANTELOPE VALLEY COMMUNITY SURVEY - ANONYMOUS AND CONFIDENTIAL

** AV- Antelope Valley	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
I am confident that the Sheriff's Department in the AV fully investigates allegations of misconduct by its employees.	0	0	0	0	0

					Yes	No
Have you been arrested	by a Sheriff's	Department deputy in th	e AV?		0	0
In the last 2 years, do you believe you have been treated differently by the Sheriff's Department in the AV because of your race or ethnicity?					0	0
Have you heard about the Community Advisory Committee that communicates concerns to the Sheriff's Department in the AV?					0	0
In the last 2 years, have y in the AV because they d			a Sheriff's D	epartment employee	0	0
In the last 2 years, have y Sheriff's Department in t		a community meeting or	other prese	ntation by the	0	0
PLEASE IN	SERT A NUMBE	R FOR EACH QUESTION BELOV	v (IF NONE, EN	ITER 0)		
In the last 2 years, how n AV while walking or stand	1,211	ave you been stopped by lic place or street?	the Sheriff's	Department in the		
In the last 2 years, how n AV while you were in a ca		ave you been stopped by	the Sheriff's	Department in the		•
In the last 2 years, how n to sit in the back of a pol			ne Sheriff's D	epartment in the AV		
In the last 2 years, how n when you did not reques		as the Sheriff's Departme	nt in the AV	come to your home		•
In the last 2 years, how n Department in the AV?	nany times ha	ave you requested assista	nce from the	e Sheriff's		
an battan bila inta a tan bila inta inta inta a			Yes	N	lo	
Antelope Valley deputies treat different groups fairly. O [If No, please answer the question belo					n below]	
If you answered No	o above, p	lease indicate which	groups a	re treated unfairly [CHECK ALL TH	IAT APPLY]
Race/ethnicity	0	Youth	0			
Sexual orientation	0	Recent immigrant	0			



Gender/Gender identity

0

Other (

ADULT -- ANTELOPE VALLEY COMMUNITY SURVEY - ANONYMOUS AND CONFIDENTIAL

What is your current zip code?	2					
Please list the nearest major cross streets to your home				&		•
	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 or over	
Age	0	0	0	0	0	
	Black	White	Hispanic / Latino	Native American	Asian / Pacific Islander	Other
Race [check all that apply]	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	Female	Transgender	Other		
Gender identity	0	0	0	0		
	Straight	Gay or Lesbian	Bisexual	Other		
Sexual orientation	0	0	0	0		
	Don't live in AV	Less than a year	2-5 years	6-10	10+	
Duration living in Antelope Valley	0	0	0	0	0	
	Some High School	High School	Some College	Associate's Degree	Bachelor's Degree	Graduate Degree
Schooling completed	0	0	0	0	0	0
	English	Spanish		Other		
Language spoken at home	0	0		0		8)
		Yes		No		
In the last 2 years, have you used Sect vouchers or public housing assistance		0		0		
	Friends and Family	News- papers	TV News	Radio News	Internet News	Social Media
From which of these sources do you get the most information about the	0	0	0	0	0	0



Appendix B: Youth AV Community Survey

YOUTH -- ANTELOPE VALLEY COMMUNITY SURVEY — ANONYMOUS AND CONFIDENTIAL Please answer each question and when finished, place in the sealed box. Thank you.

	Yes	No
Do you go to school in the Antelope Valley area?	0	0

** AV- Antelope Valley	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
I have confidence that Sheriff's Department deputies in my community do their job well.	0	0	0	0	0
In my neighborhood, Sheriff's Department deputies and residents have a good relationship.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department is responsive to the concerns of my neighborhood.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department is concerned with reducing crime in my neighborhood.	0	O	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department works closely with people in my neighborhood to improve our quality of life.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department provides appropriate language assistance services (e.g., translator, interpreter) where needed.	0	0	0	0	0
I feel safe walking around my neighborhood in the evening.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department does a good job serving the community.	0	0	0	0	0
Sheriff's Department deputies patrol my neighborhood regularly.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department makes me feel unwelcome in my neighborhood.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department takes the time to meet members of my community and neighborhood.	0	0	0	0	0
I am concerned that the actions of a Sheriff's Department deputy may interfere with my ability to keep my housing.	0	0	0	0	0
If I witnessed a crime in my neighborhood, I would notify the Sheriff's Department.	0	0	0	0	0
If I were the victim of a crime, I am confident that it would be fully investigated.	0	0	0	0	0
I am concerned that the Sheriff's Department discourages community members from making complaints against its employees.	0	0	0	0	0
I am confident that the Sheriff's Department in the AV fully investigates allegations of misconduct by its employees.	0	0	0	0	0
The Sheriff's Department is aware of problems youth face today.	0	0	0	0	0



YOUTH -- ANTELOPE VALLEY COMMUNITY SURVEY - ANONYMOUS AND CONFIDENTIAL

					Yes	No
Have you been arrested by a Sheriff's Department deputy in the AV?						0
In the last 2 years, do you b in the AV because of your ra	0	0				
Have you heard about the Community Advisory Committee that communicates concerns to the Sheriff's Department in the AV?						0
In the last 2 years, have you in the AV because they did			a Sheriff	s Department employee	0	0
Are you aware of the youth	programs t	hat the Sheriff's Departi	ment offe	rs?	0	0
Have you ever participated	in a youth p	rograms that Sheriff's D	epartme	nt offers?	0	0
P LEASE INSEF	RT A NUMBER	FOR EACH QUESTION BELOV	v (IF NONE	, ENTER 0)		
In the last 2 years, how mar AV while walking or standin			the Sheri	ff's Department in the		
In the last 2 years, how man AV while you were in a car?		e you been stopped by	the Sheri	ff's Department in the		
In the last 2 years, how mar to sit in the back of a police			e Sheriff	's Department in the AV		
In the last 2 years, how man when your family did not re	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	Service of the control of the contro	nt in the	AV come to your home		6 6 6
In the last 2 years, how man Department in the AV?	ny times hav	e you requested assista	nce from	the Sheriff's		
			Yes		No	
Antelope Valley deputies tr	eat differen	t groups fairly.	0	[If No, please answ	O ver the question	ns <mark>below]</mark>
If you answered No a	above, ple	ease indicate which	group	s are treated unfairl	y [CHECK ALL TH	AT APPLY]
Race/ethnicity	0	Youth	0			72
Sexual orientation	0	Recent immigrant	0			0.2
Gender/Gender identity	0	Other	0			
What high school do you a			e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			



YOUTH -- ANTELOPE VALLEY COMMUNITY SURVEY - ANONYMOUS AND CONFIDENTIAL

Please list the nearest major cross		
streets to your home	_ & _	

	13	14	15	16	17	18
Age	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	White	Hispanic / Latino	Native American	Asian / Pacific Islander	Other
Race [check all that apply]	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	Female	Transgender	Other		
Gender identity	0	0	0	0		
	Straight	Gay or Lesbian	Bisexual	Other		
Sexual orientation	0	0	0	0		
	Don't live in AV	Less than a year	2-5 years	6-10	10+	
Duration living in Antelope Valley	0	0	0	0	0	
	Some High School	High School Diploma	Some College	Associate's Degree		
Schooling completed	0	0	0	0		
	English	Spanish		Other		
Language spoken at home	0	0		0		
In the last 2 years, has your family use vouchers or public housing assistance		Yes		No O		
	Friends and Family	News- papers	TV News	Radio News	Internet News	Social Media
From which of these sources do you get the most information about the AV Sheriff's Department?	0	0	0	0	0	0

